

ESO Science Data Products

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on behalf of the science, development and operation teams





ESO Science Data Products

■ In addition to the raw data from the ESO telescopes/instruments, ESO Archive also offers the science data products





Science Data Products

Main requirements for the data products

- Instrumental signatures removed
- They must be calibrated in physical units
- Error information must be present
- Photon provenances recorded

There are two main types:

- External Data Products (EDPs) processed by PIs, consortia
- Internal Data Products (IDPs) data from selected instruments processed in-house
 - UVES, GIRAFFE, HAWKI, XSHOOTER, FORS2-SPECTROSCOPY, MUSE, KMOS, ESPRESSO, VIMOS - supervised processing
 - HARPS, FEROS unsupervised processing





Data Types

- Images (monolithic and multi-detector arrays)
- Source lists extracted from images
- Flux maps (APEX)
- 1D spectra
- IFU cubes
- Visibilities (PIONIER)
- Catalogues (physical quantities)
- + coming new ones like e.g. time-series, polarimetric data





Internal Data Products

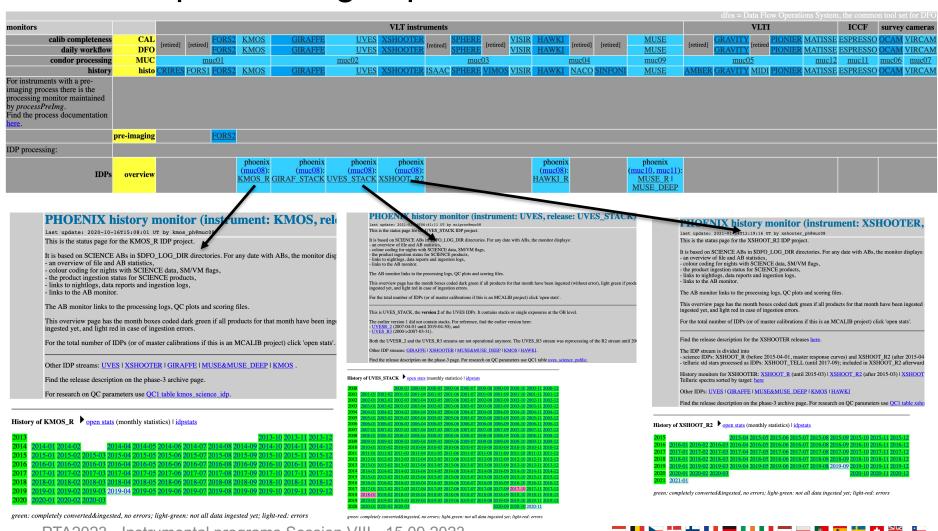
- IDPs processed in-house, mostly by the SDQ group
- Data of selected instruments with pipelines declared "science (or Phase 3)" ready
- Best master calibrations are used, previously processed and certified for quality
- Automated, uniform processing with most universal set of recipe parameters
- Come with extensive release description documents https://www.eso.org/sci/observing/phase3/data_streams.html
- Available in the Archive ~ 1-3 months after original data acquired





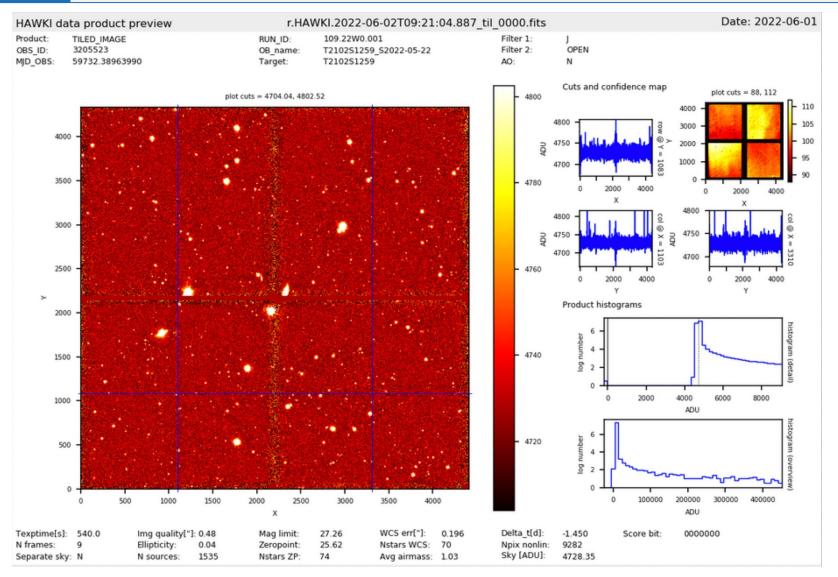
Internal Data Products

IDP's processing supervised and monitored



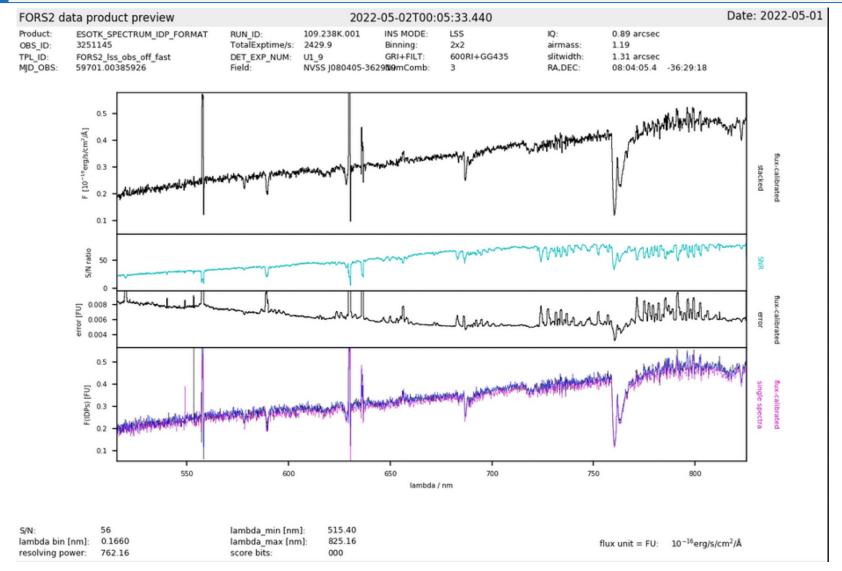


IDP – Preview plots



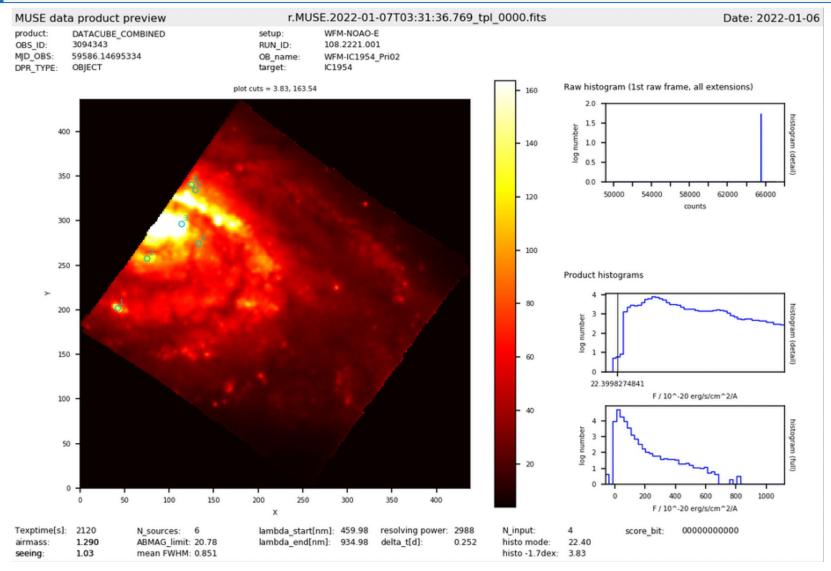


IDP – Preview plots





IDP – Preview plots

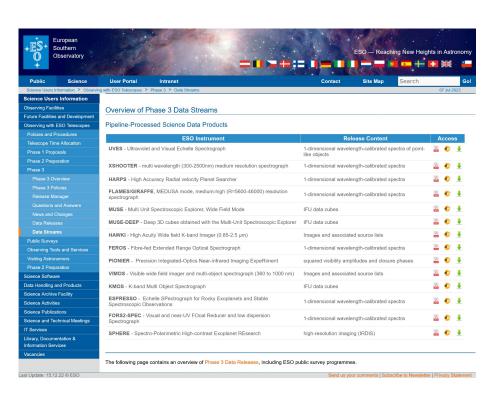




IDP – Release Descriptions

The ESO IDPs come with detailed description documents:

https://www.eso.org/sci/observing/phase3/data_streams.html



ESO Phase 3 Data Release Description

Data Collection FORS2-SPEC
Data Provider ESO, Science Data Quality Group
Document Date 04 January 2023
Document Version Document Author Danuta Dobrzycka, Sabine Möhler, Wolfgang Hummel,

Abstract

This is the release of reduced spectra from the FORS2¹ - the visual and near-UV FOcal Reducer and low dispersion Spectrograph 2 for the Very Large Telescope (VLT) of the European Southern Observatory (ESO). Data of the three spectroscopic modes of FORS2 are included in this release: long-slit spectroscopy (LSS) using a mask with 6.8' long slits of different widths, and multi-object spectroscopy with movable slit blades (MOS, slit length about 20") or with masks (MXU, arbitary slit length). The spectra are taken using a wide variety of grisms with different wavelength ranges and dispersions. They include a set of normal grisms, which cover the full operational wavelength range of FORS2 with essentially three different dispersions (230 Å/mm, 110 Å/mm, and 45 to 50 Å/mm) and medium resolution, high throughput holographic grisms, which are based on volume-phased holographic gratings cemented between two glass prisms. The response of the holographic grisms depends on the position on the CCD along the dispersion axis. This requires specific steps during the flux calibration, which are handled correctly by the pipeline. The grisms can be combined with filters for order separation or more specialized settings.

Known features and issues

1. Issues: Misalignment

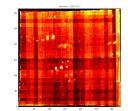


Figure 9. Combined datacube with duplicated sources.

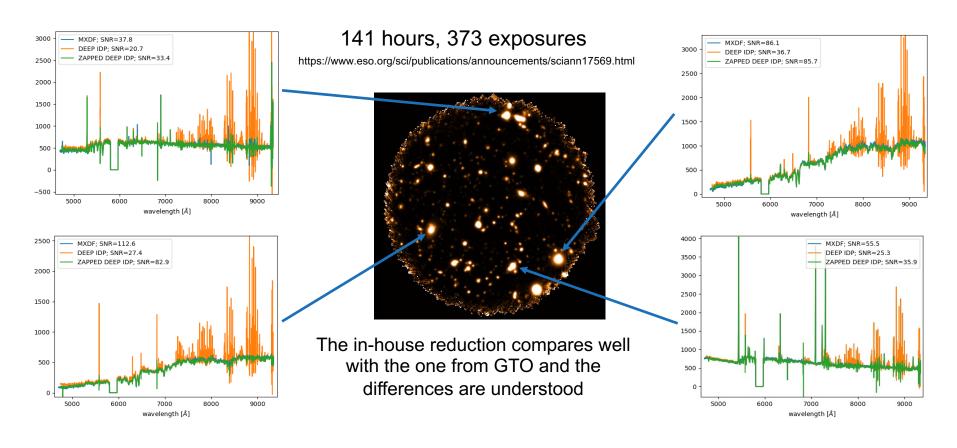
The alignment procedure (recipe

muse_exp_align) aims at detecting cases of "telescope wobble". This effect can happen with the instrument derotator, causing small unintended shifts between subsequent exposures that are not registered in the header. This effect is rare. The recipe attempts to detect a possible misalignment numerically, by extracting sources and matching them. The underlying assumptions are: the sources should be clearly detectable and should be the same in all exposures. They are a bit risky however.



MUSE IDP: comparing data quality

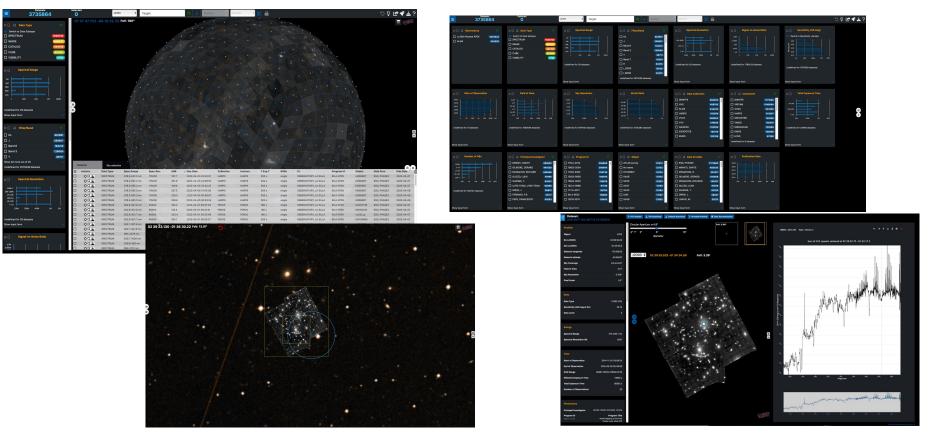
MUSE eXtreme Deep Field (MXDF): deepest spectroscopic exposure ever





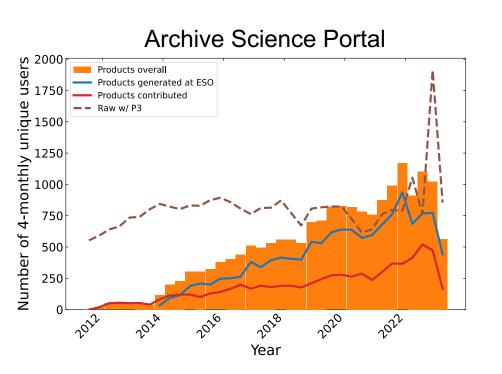
Access to the Science Data Products

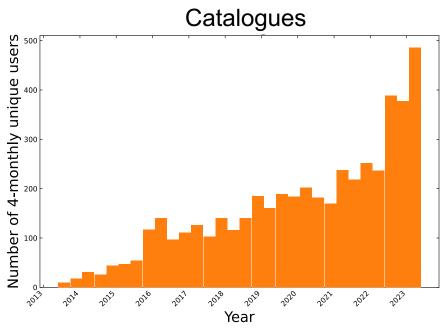
<u>archive.eso.org</u> — Science Portal





Download statistics





- Strong increase of the demand of all types of the science data products
- Sustained strong use of raw data





Thank you!

